Initial Treatment with BPAP Worksheet: Pediatric

Patient Name		DOB	Age	_
Health Plan		Member Number _		
Requesting Physician	Sleep	Study Provider _		
Directions: Collect patient information from the reques	sting physician. Submit o	nline (<u>www.Provide</u>	r <u>Portal.com)</u> for an instant r	esponse.
Order Type: Initial Treatment: BPAP with back- Initial Treatment: BPAP without ba))		
Primary Suspected Diagnosis				
AHI/RDI Score (Displayed for all primary of Enter AHI or RDI		o Apnea, Sever COF	PD and Restrictive Thoracic	Disease)
Adenotonsillectomy History (Displa Disease) (please select all that apply)	yed for all primary diagr	noses – Central Sle	eep Apnea, Severe COPI) and Restrictive Thoracic
Adenotonsillectomy has been unsucces Minimal Adenotonsillar tissue is presen Adenotonsillectomy is not appropriate be Adenotonsillectomy is contraindicated	nt	ole to another condit	ion	
Sleep Study History (Displayed for all	l primary diagnoses – Co	entral Sleep Apnea	a, Sever COPD and Restr	ictive Thoracic
Disease) A successful CPAP Titration h	nas been performed for tl	his patient _Yes	_No _Unknown	
Central Sleep Apnea Condition (Pri	imary Diagnosis – Ce	ntral Sleep Apne	ea)	
Diagnosis of CSA is confirmed Presence of OSA has been excluded _ O2 saturation 88% or less for at least 5 for 5 continuous minutes with oxygen sa The prescribed BPAP settings have sho usual FI 02	continuous min while bre turation falling to less tha	eathing usual FI 02 0 an 88%		
COPD Condition (Primary Diagnosis (please select all that apply)	s – Severe COPD)			
PaCO2 measured by arterial blood gas			_	



per minute or his/her usual FI02 (whichever is higher)

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continued

Restrictive Thoracic Disease (Primary Diagnosis – Restrictive Thoracic Disease) (please select all that apply)

Established Diagnosis

_ The patient has an established diagnosis of a progressive neuromuscular disease (e.g. amyotrophic lateral sclerosis {ALS} OR a severe thoracic cage abnormality

Breathing Condition

- __ PaCO2 measured by arterial blood gas drawn while the patient is awake and breathing his/her usual FI02 is 45 mmHg or greater __ Sleep oximetry demonstrates oxygen saturation of 88% or less for at least five continuous minutes while the patient breathes oxygen at 2 L per minute or his/her usual FI02 (whichever is higher)
- _ Maximal inspiratory pressure is < 60 cm H2O or forced vital capacity is less than 50% of predicted (applies to patients with progressive neuromuscular disease only)

