Colorectal Cancer Pathways

Patient Name: Date of E	rth:
	t Start Date:
Pathology: Stage:	
Line of Therapy: ICD-10 C	ode:
Biomarkers/Characteristics: (select all that apply) RAS gen	otype:Wild Type(WT)Mutant(MT)
Microsatellite instability:dMMR/MSI-HMSI-LNot reported BRAF status:Wild Type(WT)V600E or V600K Mutation	
Adjuvant Therapy – Stage III – Limited to Colon Cancer	
☐ FOLFOX + atezolizumab : fluorouracil (5FU), leuc [limited to MSI-H or dMMR]	ovorin, oxaliplatin, and atezolizumab (Tecentriq)*
☐ Capecitabine (Xeloda)	
☐ FULV : fluorouracil (5FU) and leucovorin	
☐ CAPOX: capecitabine (Xeloda) and oxaliplatin (limited to 3 months duration)	
□ F0LF0X : fluorouracil (5-FU), leucovorin, and oxaliplatin*	
First Line of Therapy (1st Line) – Stages IV and Recurrent	
 BRAF V600E mutation positive 	
☐ FOLFOX + encorafenib + cetuximab: fluorouracil (5 and cetuximab (Erbitux)*	FU), leucovorin, oxaliplatin, encorafenib (Braftovi),
First or Second Lines of Therapy (1st or 2nd Line) – Stage	s IV and Recurrent
RAS Wild Type (WT) or Mutant (MT) - Can Be Used With or Without Bevacizumab	
□ FOLFIRI : fluorouracil (5FU), leucovorin, and irinot	
□ FOLFIRINOX: fluorouracil (5FU), leucovorin, irino	
□ FOLFOX: fluorouracil (5FU), leucovorin, oxaliplati	
 RAS Wild Type (WT) and BRAF Wild Type (WT) 	
□ FOLFIRI + panitumumab : fluorouracil (5FU), leuc panitumumab (Vectibix) [†]	ovorin, and irinotecan (Camptosar) with
☐ FOLFOX + panitumumab: fluorouracil (5-FU), leu	covorin, and oxaliplatin with panitumumab (Vectibix) [†]
☐ Irinotecan (Camptosar) and panitumumab (Vectib	()* [†]
o MSI-H or dMMR	
☐ Pembrolizumab (Keytruda) [‡]	

Note: Pathways are independent of specific health plan medical policy coverage criteria. Health plan medical policy/clinical guidelines should be consulted to determine whether proposed services will be covered. Biosimilars of reference products listed are considered "on pathway." However, reimbursement for biosimilar products may be impacted by health plan specific formularies, medical policy and preferred product rules.



^{*} Applies to modified dosing schedules as well

[†] EGFR inhibitor (panitumumab) Limit to one line of therapy

[‡] Administered at a dose of 200 mg every 3 weeks OR 400 mg every 6 weeks per the FDA label OR 2 mg/kg (up to a maximum of 200 mg) every 3 weeks, as clinically appropriate